Advantage. It is neither Medicare nor an advantage. Quite the opposite, in fact.

You are accurate in your numbers, by the way, because I want people to know, as much as we respect the Senator from Illinois and his math, the numbers he identifies of \$100 billion this program is costing us, comes from the Congressional Budget Office. We didn't make up these numbers. That is the cost savings by modifying Medicare Advantage that has cost us so much and deprived the overwhelming majority of our elderly the benefits they end up paying for. So I appreciate very much the Senator's question.

Mr. BAUCUS. If the Senator will yield for another question, might I ask my friend if it isn't also true that in the June MedPAC report it states that Medicare Advantage overpayments cost taxpayers an extra \$12 billion?

Mr. DODD. That is correct. And

again, that is MedPAC.

Mr. BAUCUS. Well, that is right, that is MedPAC. I think the point the Senator from Illinois is making needs to be underlined two or three or four times here—and the Senator from Connecticut has made it too—and that is there is a huge distinction between Medicare and these private insurance plans.

Mr. DODD. I think too many of our fellow citizens hear the word Medicare Advantage and assume that is the Medicare Program, and it is not.

Mr. BAUCUS. It is not. It is a private plan.

What Medicare Advantage is overpaid—that is what these insurance companies are overpaid, and a lot of that goes back to the Part D drug bill and so forth—do those overpayments necessarily mean better benefits for persons who signed up for those plans?

Mr. DODD. No. In fact, there is no evidence that overpayments to plans leads to better health care. That is again according to MedPAC.

Mr. BAUCUS. If that is true, why might that be the case, just so people understand?

Mr. DODD. Because insurers, not seniors or the Medicare Program, determine how these overpayments are used. And too often they are used to line the pockets of insurers, to increase their profits and not to provide benefits.

Mr. BAUCUS. Does Medicare decide what the benefits will be for those folks?

Mr. DODD. No, it is the private carriers that decide that.

Mr. BAUCUS. The private insurance carriers.

Mr. DODD. Yes, they are the ones that set the rates and determine where the profits go. That is why it is such a misnomer to call this Medicare Advantage, because it is neither Medicare nor an advantage.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The time has expired.

Mr. DODD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent for 2 additional minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. COBURN. Reserving the right to object, I will ask for 2 additional minutes for my side.

Mr. DODD. Well, I gave 2 minutes to my friends earlier.

Mr. COBURN. How about 1?

Mr. DODD. OK, 1. Well, make that 2. If he wants 2 additional minutes, I have no problem giving my colleague 2 additional minutes.

Mr. BAUCUS. You already said it, but I think it is worth repeating—

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the request is agreed to.

Mr. BAUCUS. Most seniors, as they pay Part B premiums under fee for service, don't get any benefit whatsoever?

Mr. DODD. That is correct. None whatsoever. In fact, all they do get is higher premiums.

Mr. BAUCUS. That is right. Higher premiums.

Mr. DODD. Higher premiums. And 78 percent, almost 80 percent are paying more for a program from which they never get any benefit.

Mr. BAUCUS. The figure I saw—I guess it is \$90 a year they pay extra and get no benefit from it.

Mr. DODD. So vote for the McCain amendment and you do exactly what Senator DURBIN is suggesting: Preserve Medicare Advantage, and under Medicare Advantage 78 percent of our elderly pay more premiums, never get any benefits, and the private carriers get to pocket the difference. That is a great vote around here. That is great health care reform.

Mr. DURBIN. I say to the Senator from Connecticut, could we characterize this as an earmark in the Medicare Advantage Program?

Mr. DODD. It is two ears, not even one ear. I give it two ears.

Mr. BROWN. I say to Senator DODD, we remember 10 years ago when the insurance companies came to the government and said we can do something that later became Medicare Advantage, and we can do it less expensively. They said we can do it for 5 percent less than the cost of Medicare and the government unfortunately made the agreement with them to sign up to do that. Then what happened in the last 10 years is, the insurance lobbyists came here and lobbied the Bush administration and lobbied the Congress and got bigger payments. It is a subsidy for the insurance companies, but you and Senator BAUCUS and Senator DURBIN said it is not Medicare, it is private insurance, privatized form of Medicare that serves the insurance companies very well, is that correct, but doesn't serve the seniors in this country?

Mr. DODD. I will sit here all day waiting for someone to identify a single benefit guaranteed under the Medicare Program that is cut in our bill. They are all talking about Medicare Advantage, not Medicare. There are no guaranteed benefits cut under this bill nor can those benefits be cut. Our legislation bans and prohibits any cuts in guaranteed benefits.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. CASEY). The Senator from Oklahoma is recognized.

Mr. COBURN. One of the questions and one of the promises was: If you have what you have now and you like it, you can keep it. What is happening under this bill for 11 million seniors on Medicare Advantage, that is not going to happen. If they like it, they are not going to be able to keep what they have. You can't deny that. That is the truth.

Medicare Advantage needs to be reformed. There is no question about it. I agree. As the Senator alluded to, in the Patients Choice Act we actually save \$160 billion in the Patients' Choice Act, but we don't diminish any of the benefits, and we do that because CMS failed to competitively bid it, because when it was written-and I understand who wrote it-when it was written we didn't make them competitively bid it. You could get the same savings, actually get more savings and not reduce benefits in any amount, if you competitively bid that product. But we have decided we are not going to do that.

The second point I make with my colleagues is the vast majority of people on Medicare Advantage are on the lower bottom economically. They can't afford an AARP supplemental bill. They can't afford to pay an extra \$150 or \$200 a month. So what happens most of the time with Medicare Advantage is we bring people up to what everybody else in Medicare gets because most people can afford—84 percent of the people in this country can afford to buy a Medicare supplemental policy because Medicare doesn't cover everything.

Your idea to try to save money, I agree with. But cutting the benefits I do not agree with. You are right, Senator Dodd, the basic guaranteed benefits have to be supplied to Medicare Advantage and then the things above that which you get from the supplemental policy, what you can afford to buy, is what these people get. And what you are taking away from poorest of our elderly is the ability to have the same care that people get who can afford to buy a supplemental policy. That is the difference.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The time of the Senator has expired.

Mr. COBURN. I appreciate my chairman for his courtesy in yielding the time.

## RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands in recess until 12:30 p.m.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 11:35 a.m., recessed until 12:30 p.m. and reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mrs. HAGAN).

SERVICE MEMBERS HOME OWNER-SHIP TAX ACT OF 2009—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Iowa.